

EUROPE

2021 Annual Research: Key Highlights¹

Global Data



Total GDP contribution:

2019

10.4% USD 9.170 BN

5.5%

USD 4,671 BN

Total Travel & Tourism GDP change in 2020:

-49.1%

=USD -4,498 BN

Global Economy GDP change:

-3.7%



Total Travel & Tourism jobs:

334_{MN}

= 1 in 10 iobs

2020

 $272 \, MN$

= 1 in 11 jobs

2020

1 in 4 net new jobs

were created by Travel & Tourism during 2014-2019



Change in Jobs in 2020²

-61.6 MN -18.5%

Europe Key Data

2019

Total contribution of Travel & Tourism to GDP:



9.5%

of Total **Economy**

Total T&T GDP = USD2,191.2BN

4.9%

of Total **Economy**

Total T&T GDP = USD1,064.7BN

-51.4%

Change in Travel & Tourism GDP vs -6.3% real economy GDP change



Total contribution of Travel & Tourism to Employment:

38.47

Jobs (MNs)

(10.1 % of total employment)

34.87

Jobs (MNs)

(9.3 % of total employment)

Change in jobs :

-9.3%

-3.6 (MNs)



Visitor Impact

International:

USD 639.5BN

Visitor spend

6.2% of total exports

USD 231.2BN

Visitor spend

2.6% of total exports

Change in international visitor spend:

-63.8%

-USD 408.3 BN

Domestic:

Visitor spend

USD 630.9BN

Visitor spend

Change in domestic visitor spend:

-USD 591.6 BN



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Europe Sector Characteristics

Domestic vs International Spending:





Leisure vs Business Spending:





Inbound Arrivals³:

2019	2020
1. Germany 13 %	1. Germany 17%
2. United Kingdom 9%	2. United Kingdom 8%
3. France 5%	3. France 5%
4. United States 5%	4. Belgium 5%
5. Netherlands 4%	5. Netherlands 5%
Rest of world 64%	Rest of world 60%

Outbound Departures	Outbound	Departu	res ³ :
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2019	2020
1. France 11%	1. France 19%
2. Spain 10 %	2. Spain 9%
3. Italy 8%	3. Italy 6%
4. Turkey 4%	4. Turkey 5%
5. Germany 4%	5. Germany 5%
Rest of world 63%	Rest of world 56%

- 1. All values are in constant 2020 prices & exchange rates. As reported in March 2021
- 2. Where the country or region has implemented job support schemes and supported jobs are still recorded as employment by national statistical authorities, job losses exclude those supported jobs (where known)
- 3. Source: Oxford Economics, national sources and UNWTO. Note: Data factors in intra-regional travel











